

### E-CW-SFP+-ER-XX

### CWDM SFP+ 1270~1390nm 40km DDM LC SMF Transceiver

#### **Features**

- Supports up to 11.0957Gbps bit rates
- Hot-pluggable SFP+ footprint
- CWDM DFB laser and PIN photodiode, Up to 40km for SMF transmission
- Compliant with SFP+ MSA and SFF-8472 with duplex LC receptacle
- Compatible with RoHS
- Single +3.3V power supply
- Real Time Digital Diagnostic Monitoring
- Operating case temperature:

Standard: 0 to +70°C

Industrial: -40 to +85°C

### **Applications**

- 10Gbps CWDM Optical systems
- 10GBASE-LR at 10.3125Gbps
- 10GBASE-LW at 9.953Gbps
- LTE systems
- Other Optical links

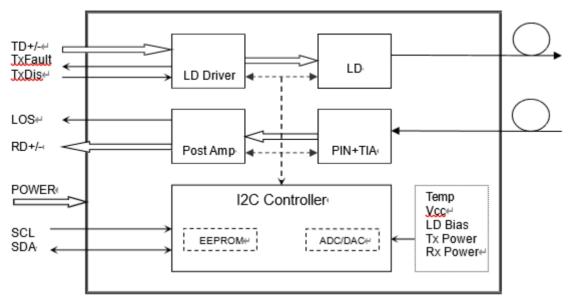
## Description

The SFP+ transceivers are high performance, cost effective modules supporting data rate of 10Gbps and 40km transmission distance with SMF.

The transceiver consists of three sections: a uncooled DFB laser transmitter, a PIN photodiode integrated with a trans-impedance preamplifier (TIA) and MCU control unit. All modules satisfy class I laser safety requirements.

The transceivers are compatible with SFP Multi-Source Agreement and SFF-8472 digital diagnostics functions.





Transceiver functional diagram

## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.5	4.5	V
Storage Temperature	Ts	-40	+85	°C
Operating Humidity	-	5	85	%

# **Recommended Operating Conditions**

Parameter		Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Operating Case Temperature	Standard		0		+70	°C
	Extended	Tc	-20		+80	°C
	Industrial		-40		+85	°C
Power Supply Voltage		Vcc	3.135	3.30	3.465	V
Power Supply Current		lcc			320	mA
Data Rate			8.0	10.3	11.0957	Gbps



# **Optical and Electrical Characteristics**

Parameter		Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	Notes			
	Transmitter									
Centre Wa	velength	λc	λc-6.5	λс	λc+6.5	nm				
Spectral Width	n (-20dB)	Δλ			1	nm				
Side-Mode Supp	oression Ratio	SMSR	30	-		dB				
Average Out	put Power	Pout	0		+5	dBm	1			
Extinction	n Ratio	ER	3.5			dB				
Data Input Swir	ng Differential	VIN	180		850	mV	2			
Input Differentia	al Impedance	ZIN	90	100	110	Ω				
TV Disable	Disable		2.0		Vcc	V				
TX Disable	Enable		0		0.8	V				
TV F14	Fault		2.0		Vcc	V				
TX Fault	Normal		0		0.8	V				
			Receive	er						
Centre Wa	velength	λc	1260		1620	nm				
Receiver S	ensitivity				-16.0	dBm	3			
Receiver C	Overload		0.5			dBm	3			
LOS De-	Assert	LOSD			-17	dBm				
LOS Assert		LOSA	-28			dBm				
LOS Hysteresis			0.5			dB				
Data Output Swi	Data Output Swing Differential		300		900	mV	4			
1.04	2	High	2.0		Vcc	V				
LOS	<b></b>	Low			0.8	V				

#### Notes:

- 1. The optical power is launched into SMF.
- 2. PECL input, internally AC-coupled and terminated.
- 3. Measured with a PRBS 2<sup>31</sup>-1 test pattern @10312Mbps, BER ≤1×10<sup>-12</sup>.
- 4. Internally AC-coupled.

# **Timing and Electrical**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Tx Disable Negate Time	t_on			1	ms



Tx Disable Assert Time	t_off			10	μs
Time To Initialize, including Reset of Tx Fault	t_init			300	ms
Tx Fault Assert Time	t_fault			100	μs
Tx Disable To Reset	t_reset	10			μs
LOS Assert Time	t_loss_on			100	μs
LOS De-assert Time	t_loss_off			100	μs
Serial ID Clock Rate	f_serial_clock		100	400	KHz
MOD_DEF (0:2)-High	VH	2		Vcc	V
MOD_DEF (0:2)-Low	VL			0.8	V

## **Diagnostics**

Parameter	Range	Unit Accuracy		Calibration
	0 to +70			
Temperature	-20 to +80	°C	±3°C	Internal
	-40 to +85			
Voltage	3.0 to 3.6	V	±3%	Internal
Bias Current	0 to 100	mA	±10%	Internal
TX Power	X Power 0 to +5 dBm		±3dB	Internal
RX Power	-16 to -1 dBm		±3dB	Internal

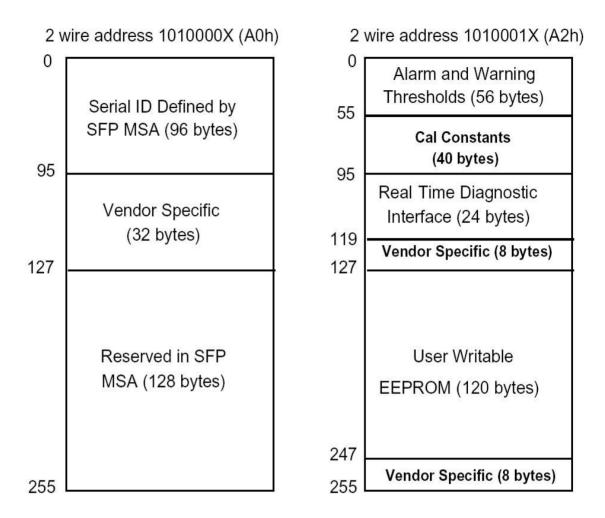
## **Digital Diagnostic Memory Map**

The transceivers provide serial ID memory contents and diagnostic information about the present operating conditions by the 2-wire serial interface (SCL, SDA).

The diagnostic information with internal calibration or external calibration all are implemented, including received power monitoring, transmitted power monitoring, bias current monitoring, supply voltage monitoring and temperature monitoring.

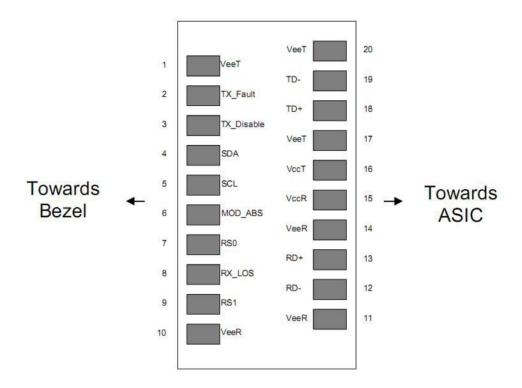
The digital diagnostic memory map specific data field defines as following.







# **Pin Descriptions**



Pin	Signal Name	Description	Plug Seq.	Notes
1	V <sub>EET</sub>	Transmitter Ground	1	
2	TX FAULT	Transmitter Fault Indication	3	Note 1
3	TX DISABLE	Transmitter Disable	3	Note 2
4	SDA	SDA Serial Data Signal	3	
5	SCL	SCL Serial Clock Signal	3	
6	MOD_ABS	Module Absent. Grounded within the module	3	
7	RS0	Not Connected	3	
8	LOS	Loss of Signal	3	Note 3
9	RS1	Not Connected	3	
10	V <sub>EER</sub>	Receiver ground	1	
11	V <sub>EER</sub>	Receiver ground	1	
12	RD-	Inv. Received Data Out	3	Note 4
13	RD+	Received Data Out	3	Note 4
14	V <sub>EER</sub>	Receiver ground	1	
15	V <sub>CCR</sub>	Receiver Power Supply	2	
16	V <sub>CCT</sub>	Transmitter Power Supply	2	
17	V <sub>EET</sub>	Transmitter Ground	1	
18	TD+	Transmit Data In	3	Note 5
19	TD-	Inv. Transmit Data In	3	Note 5
20	V <sub>EET</sub>	Transmitter Ground	1	

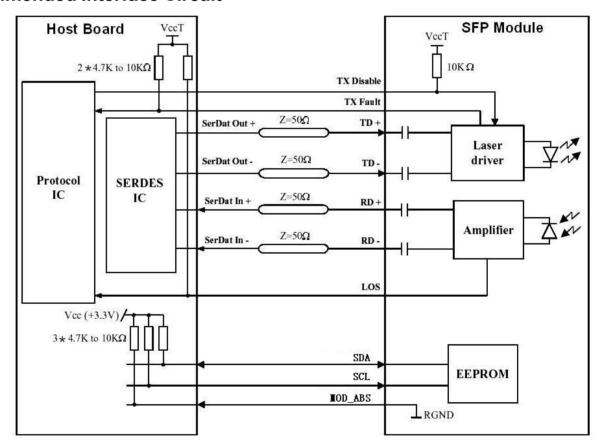


#### Notes:

Plug Seq.: Pin engagement sequence during hot plugging.

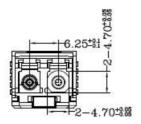
- 1) TX Fault is an open collector output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7k~10kΩ resistor on the host board to a voltage between 2.0V and Vcc+0.3V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; Logic 1 indicates a laser fault of some kind. In the low state, the output will be pulled to less than 0.8V.
- 2) Laser output disabled on TDIS >2.0V or open, enabled on TDIS <0.8V.
- 3) LOS is open collector output. Should be pulled up with 4.7k~10kΩ on host board to a voltage between 2.0V and 3.6V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; logic 1 indicates loss of signal.
- 4) RD-/+: These are the differential receiver outputs. They are internally AC-coupled 100 differential lines which should be terminated with  $100\Omega$  (differential) at the user SERDES.
- 5) TD-/+: These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are internally AC-coupled, differential lines with 100Ω differential termination inside the module.

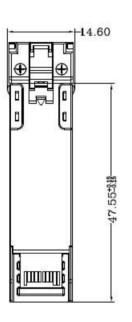
### **Recommended Interface Circuit**

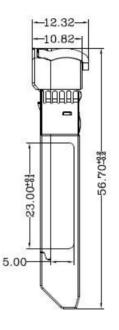


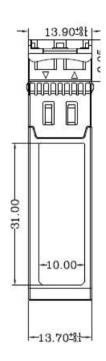


### **Mechanical Dimensions**









λC Wavelength Guide											
Code	λc	Uni	Code	λc	Unit	Code	λc	Unit	Code	λc	Unit
27	1270	nm	29	1290	nm	31	1310	nm	33	1330	nm
35	1350	nm	37	1370	nm	39	1390	nm			