

E-SFP-BD-EX-55

BIDI SFP 1550nm-TX/1310nm-RX 40KM SMF Transceiver

Features

- Dual data-rate of 1.25Gbps/1.063Gbps operation
- 1550nm DFB laser and PIN photodetector for 40km transmission
- Compliant with SFP MSA and SFF-8472 with duplex LC receptacle
- Digital Diagnostic Monitoring: Internal Calibration or External Calibration
- Compatible with SONET OC-24-LR-1
- Compatible with RoHS
- +3.3V single power supply
- Operating case temperature: Standard: 0 to +70°C Extended: -40 to +85°C

Applications

- Gigabit Ethernet
- Fiber Channel
- Switch to Switch interface
- Switched backplane applications
- Router/Server interface
- Other optical transmission systems

1. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.5	4.5	V
Storage Temperature	Ts	-40	+85	°C
Operating Humidity	-	5	85	%

2. Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter		Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Operating Case Temperature	Standard	Tc	0		+70	°C
	Industrial		-40		+85	°C
Power Supply Voltage		Vcc	3.13	3.3	3.47	V
Power Supply Current		lcc			280	mA
Data Rate			1250		Mbps	



3. Optical and Electrical Characteristics

Parar	meter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	Notes	
Transmitter								
Centre V	Vavelength	λс	1480	1550	1580	nm		
Spectral V	Vidth (RMS)	Δλ			1	nm		
	Suppression atio	SMSR	30			dB		
Average C	utput Power	Pout	-5		0	dBm	1	
Extinct	ion Ratio	ER	9			dB		
	se/Fall Time ~80%)	tr/tf			0.26	ns		
Data Input Sv	ving Differential	V _{IN}	400		1800	mV	2	
Input Differer	tial Impedance	Z _{IN}	90	100	110	Ω		
TX Disable	Disable		2.0		Vcc	V		
I A DISable	Enable		0		0.8	V		
TX Fault	Fault		2.0		Vcc	V		
I A Fault	Normal		0		0.8	V		
			Receive	r				
Centre V	Centre Wavelength		1260	1310	1360	nm		
Receiver	Sensitivity				-23	dBm	3	
Receive	r Overload		-3			dBm	3	
LOS D	LOS De-Assert				-23.5	dBm		
LOS	LOS Assert		-45			dBm		
LOS Hysteresis			1		4	dB		
	Data Output Swing Differential		400		1800	mV	4	
	OS	High	2.0		Vcc	V		
L	U3	Low			0.8	V		

Notes:

- 1. The optical power is launched into SMF.
- 2. PECL input, internally AC-coupled and terminated.
- 3. Measured with a PRBS 27-1 test pattern @1250Mbps, BER $\leq 1 \times 10$ -12.
- 4. Internally AC-coupled.

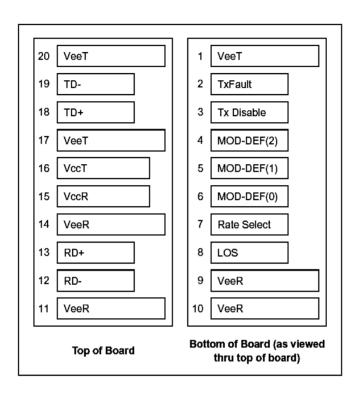
4. Timing and Electrical

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Tx Disable Negate Time	t_on			1	ms
Tx Disable Assert Time	t_off			10	μs
Time To Initialize, including Reset of Tx Fault	t_init			300	ms
Tx Fault Assert Time	t_fault			100	μs
Tx Disable To Reset	t_reset	10			μs
LOS Assert Time	t_loss_on			100	μs
LOS De-assert Time	t_loss_off			100	μs



Serial ID Clock Rate	f_serial_cloc k		400	KHz
MOD_DEF (0:2)-High	V _H	2	Vcc	V
MOD_DEF (0:2)-Low	V _L		0.8	V

5. Pin Definitions



6. Pin Descriptions

Pin	Signal Name	Description	Plug Seq.	Notes
1	V _{EET}	Transmitter Ground	1	
2	TX FAULT	Transmitter Fault Indication	3	Note 1
3	TX DISABLE	Transmitter Disable	3	Note 2
4	MOD_DEF(2)	SDA Serial Data Signal	3	Note 3
5	MOD_DEF(1)	SCL Serial Clock Signal	3	Note 3
6	MOD_DEF(0)	TTL Low	3	Note 3
7	Rate Select	Not Connected	3	
8	LOS	Loss of Signal	3	Note 4
9	V _{EER}	Receiver ground	1	
10	V _{EER}	Receiver ground	1	
11	V _{EER}	Receiver ground	1	
12	RD-	Inv. Received Data Out	3	Note 5
13	RD+	Received Data Out	3	Note 5
14	V _{EER}	Receiver ground	1	
15	V _{CCR}	Receiver Power Supply	2	
16	V _{CCT}	Transmitter Power Supply	2	
17	V _{EET}	Transmitter Ground	1	



18	TD+	Transmit Data In	3	Note 6
19	TD-	Inv. Transmit Data In	3	Note 6
20	V _{EET}	Transmitter Ground	1	

Notes:

Plug Seq.: Pin engagement sequence during hot plugging.

- 1) TX Fault is an open collector output, which should be pulled up with a $4.7k\sim10k\Omega$ resistor on the host board to a voltage between 2.0V and Vcc+0.3V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; Logic 1 indicates a laser fault of some kind. In the low state, the output will be pulled to less than 0.8V.
- 2) TX Disable is an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module with a $4.7k\sim10k\Omega$ resistor. Its states are:

Low (0 to 0.8V): Transmitter on (>0.8V, < 2.0V): Undefined

High (2.0 to 3.465V): Transmitter Disabled
Open: Transmitter Disabled

3) Mod-Def 0,1,2. These are the module definition pins. They should be pulled up with a $4.7k\sim10k\Omega$ resistor on the host board. The pull-up voltage shall be VccT or VccR.

Mod-Def 0 is grounded by the module to indicate that the module is present

Mod-Def 1 is the clock line of two wire serial interface for serial ID

Mod-Def 2 is the data line of two wire serial interface for serial ID

- 4) LOS is an open collector output, which should be pulled up with a $4.7k\sim10k\Omega$ resistor. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and Vcc+0.3V. Logic 1 indicates loss of signal; Logic 0 indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to less than 0.8V.
- 5) RD-/+: These are the differential receiver outputs. They are internally AC-coupled 100 differential lines which should be terminated with 100Ω (differential) at the user SERDES.
- 6) TD-/+: These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are internally AC-coupled, differential lines with 100Ω differential termination inside the module.